



EPIDENDRUM FERREYRAE Hágster & R.Fernández

THE GENUS EPIDENDRUM PART 6

Plate 936

ICONES ORCHIDACEARUM 9. 2007

EPIDENDRUM FERREYRAE Hágster et R.Fernández, sp nov.

Type: PERU: Amazonas: Chachapoyas: encima de Leimebamba, 3400 m, 17 abril 1964, **Ramón Ferreyra 15527.**
Holotype: USM 167258! Isotypes: AMO! (Illustration voucher). USM x3!

Epidendro lesteri Hágster & Dodson simile sed ovariis longioribus, petalis latioribus subacutis cum vena ramosa in dimidio apicali, labello trilobato margine integro, lobulis lateralibus dolabiformibus, lobulo medio triangulari diminuto, labellum *Epidendro storkii* Ames simulanti, differens.

Hierba simpodial, cespitosa, epífita, suberecta, alta. Raíces basales, carnosas, gruesas. Tallos sencillos, tipo caña, teretes, gruesos, hasta 1.8 cm de grosor. Hojas varias, distribuidas en los 2/3 apicales del tallo, disticas, extendidas, algunas recurvadas, coriáceas; vainas tubulares, estriadas, tenidas de rojizo, 3-9 x 0.9-1.8 cm; lámina angostamente lanceolada, aguda, con una quilla dorsal baja, verde en el haz a levemente tenida de rojizo en el ápice y el envés, lisa, margen entero, 20 x 3.7-4.3 cm. Bráctea espátacea 1, conduplicada, elíptica, subaguda, margen entero y ligeramente involuto, 16 x 5 cm. Inflorescencia apical, paniculada, pesada, los racimos muy densos, nutantes, 34 cm de largo; pedúnculo corto, terete, grueso, recto, 5 cm de largo; con una bráctea en la base de cada racimo, semejantes a la bráctea espátacea pero ligeramente menores, 10-13 x 5-6 cm; raquis grueso, terete, recto. Brácteas florales mucho más cortas que el ovario, linear triangulares, agudas, 3-18 mm de largo. Flores ca. 70 en el racimo mayor, los racimos laterales mucho menores, casi simultáneas, verdosas, fuertemente tenidas de púrpura; fragancia no registrada. Ovario largo, terete, delgado, no inflado, no ornamentado, 20-40 mm de largo. Sépalos libres, entreabiertos, elíptico oblongos, obtusos, diminutamente apiculados, 4-5-nervados, margen entero, 15-18 x 6-7 mm; los laterales ligeramente oblicuos. Pétalos libres, entreabiertos, oblanceolados, subagudos, 1-nervados, la nervadura ramificada arriba, ligeramente oblicuos, margen entero, 13-15 x 2.5-3 mm. Labelo unido a la columna, trilobado, base profundamente cordada, margen entero, 13 x 16 mm; bicalloso, los callos esféricos, pequeños; disco provisto de 3 quillas, romas, lisas, bajas; lóbulos laterales dolabiformes, 6 x 11 mm; lóbulo medio subtriangular, 3.5 x 3.0 mm. Columna recta, 10 mm de largo. Clinandrio recto, corto, margen entero. Antera reniforme, con una quilla baja al frente, 4-locular. Polinios 4, obovoides, lateralmente comprimidos. Rostelo apical, hendido. Lóbulos laterales del estigma de 1/3 del largo de la cavidad estigmática. Nectario corto, penetrando levemente el ovario, delgado, no inflado, liso. Capsula no vista.

Epiphytic, suberect, sympodial, caespitose **herb**. Roots basal, thick, fleshy. Stems simple, cane-like, terete, thick. Leaves several, distributed throughout the apical 2/3 of the stem, distichous, spreading, somewhat recurved, coriaceous; sheaths tubular, striated, reddish tinted; blade narrowly lanceolate, acute, with a low dorsal keel, dark green above, with the apex and underside reddish, smooth, margin entire. Spathaceous bract 1, conduplicate, elliptic, subacute, margin entire and slightly revolute. Inflorescence apical, paniculate, with heavy, dense-flowered, nutant racemes; peduncle, short, terete, thick, straight; with a large bract at the base of each raceme, similar to the spathaceous bract, but somewhat shorter; rachis terete. **Floral bracts** much shorter than the ovary, linear-triangular, acute. Flowers about 70 on the main raceme, fewer on the lateral racemes, simultaneous, greenish, strongly tinged with purple. Ovary long, terete, thin, smooth. Sepals free, partly spreading, elliptic-oblong, obtuse, minutely apiculate, 4-5-veined, margin entire; the lateral sepals slightly oblique. Petals free, partly spreading, oblanceolate, subacute, 1-veined, slightly oblique, margin entire, the veins branching above. Lip united to the column, 3-lobed, base deeply cordate, margin entire; bicallose, the calli spherical, small; disc provided with 3 low, smooth, rounded keels; lateral lobes dolabiform; midlobe subtriangular. Column straight. **Clinandrium-hood** straight, short, margin entire. Anther reniform, with a low keel in front, 4-celled. Pollinia 4, obovoid, laterally compressed. Rostellum apical, slit. Nectary short, barely penetrating the ovary, smooth, narrow.

OTHER SPECIMENS: None seen.

DISTRIBUTION AND ECOLOGY: Known only from the Amazon slope of the Andes in the upper basin of the Marañón River in northern Peru, epiphytic in wet cloud forest, at 3400 m altitude. Flowering in April.

RECOGNITION: *Epidendrum ferreyrae* belongs to the *Excisum* Group and Subgroup which is characterized by the sympodial, caespitose habit, cane-like stems with numerous leaves, the inflorescence racemose or an open panicle with few branches, the 1-2 large spathes at the base of the inflorescence, the 3-lobed lip and medium sized flowers. The species is recognized by the tall stems, prominent, conduplicate spathaceous bract, with similar, though somewhat smaller bracts subtending the branches of the inflorescence, the greenish flowers, with the outer tepals more or less purple, the oblanceolate, subacute petals, and the 3-lobed lip with an entire margin, the lateral lobes dolabiform, and the much smaller midlobe subtriangular, reminiscent of the unrelated Costarican *E. storkii* Ames. It is very similar to *E. lesteri* Hágster & Dodson which has lanceolate, acute, dark green leaves with the underside reddish, the pink-colored, obtuse spathe, the nutant, dense-flowered inflorescence branching near the base into several similar racemes, and the greenish, pale burgundy-red tinged flowers; the petals linear, the lateral lobes of the lip subreniform; midlobe rectangular, the apex truncate, somewhat bilobed, short-apiculate. It closely resembles *Epidendrum orthoclinium* Hágster & Dodson which has narrower leaves, a more lax-flowered inflorescence, smaller, greenish yellow flowers, acute petals, and the clinandrium hood upturned, with the margin erose. *Epidendrum excisum* Lindl. has laterally flattened stems, an erect to arching, lax-flowered, paniculate inflorescence, the flowers light yellowish green more or less tinged with copper. *Epidendrum tenuispathum* C.Schweinf. has a somewhat similar habit, with an erect, paniculate inflorescence, and the lip wider than long.

CONSERVATION STATUS: DD. Data deficient. Apparently very rare.

ETYMOLOGY: In honor of Ramón Ferreyra Huerta (1912-2005), founder and director (1961-1981) of the herbarium (USM) of the Universidad Nacional Mayor de San Marcos, in Lima, Perú, who collected the type and over 22,000 numbers during his lifetime, mainly in Perú. Numerous species and two genera in the Asteraceae, *Ferreyranthus* and *Ferreyrella* have been dedicated to him.

REFERENCES: Hágster, E. & C. H. Dodson, *Epidendrum lesteri* Hágster & Dodson. In E. Hágster & L. Sánchez, eds., *Icones Orchid. (Mexico City)* 7: pl. 754. 2004.

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